ably regarded than heretofore, and that the transactions of the year have been attended by a more than average degree of success that the stockholders have, as a rule, received satisfactory dividends, and that the people at large have been faithfully and economically served, and that, as banks of discount and deposit, the associations belonging to the national system have, taken as a whole, merited the high commendation of unprejudiced observers.

BRAVE MEN REWARDED.

Evanston Life-Saving Crew Presented with Medals-Mr. Windom's Commendations. WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Secretary Windom has forwarded seven gold life-saving medals of the first class to Congressman Adams, of Illinois, for presentation to Mr. Lawrence O. Lawton, keeper of the Evanston (Ill.) life-saving station, and the following-named members of his crew: George E. Crosby, William Ewing, Jacob Loining, Edson B. Fowler, William L. Wilson, Frank M. Kidig.

In a letter to Keeper Lawton, the Secretary says: "It affords me great pleasure to transmit herewith a gold life-saving medal of honor, awarded to you under the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 20, 1874, in testimony of heroic deeds in saving life from the perils of the sea, at the wreck of the steamer Calumet, which was lost near Fort Sheridan, on Lake Michigan, Nov. 28, 1889. The circumstances, as shown by the evidence submitted to the department, were such as to render rescue possible only by the display of extraordinary courage and resolution. The stranded vessel lay on the outer bar, over half a mile from the shore, fifteen miles distant from your station, and was swept by every sea. The Evanston life-saving crew under your command was summoned to the scene by tele-graph a little past midnight, in the midst of one of the severest storms of recent years. A terrific northwest gale was blow-ing, every gust ladened with blinding sleet and rain, and the thermometer registering only ten degrees above zero. Transported by rail, yourself and four of the crew reached Highland Park, after serious delays for which you were in no way responsible, at 4 A. M., and the biuff opposite the wreck an hour later, after a toilsome journey through the darkness and storm over a route rugged with ravines, precipitous hills and thick woods, the apparatus arriving with the remainder of the crew about

"The topography of the shore and the fury of the sea whose waters broke against the bluff for a mile on either side of you, leaving no beach from which to launch a boat, seemed to preclude the possibility of using the surf-boat, and it was therefore determined to try the shot-line. Two attempts to reach the vessel in this way having resulted in failure by reason of the great distance, the crew, with the sturdy assistance of citizens from the vicinity and soldiers from Fort Sheridan, dragged the boat down a ravine, tifty or sixty feet deep, cutting a passage through a dense growth of wood and underbrush, to a place twenty feet above the water, whence they lowered it by ropes and effected a launch in defiance of every peril, although the chances of success were desperate and the spectators deemed the undertaking little less than foolhardy. Wading into the icy water waist deep, impeded by the current and buffeted by the stinging black lash, they finally, after many ineffectual atand almost hopeless sufferers. Three times was this laborious and hazardous operation performed, each trip resulting in the rescue of six persons, the entire crew of sighteen being thus saved from death.

This remarkable work of youself and your companions, in the face of appalling obstacles, and at the extreme peril of your lives, has seldom been equaled in the annals of lifesaving operations, and are justly entitled to the highest honor we can bestow. Not only have you won distinction in your vocation but have set an example of unfaltering de votion to duty which your comrades in the life-saving service will admire and emu-late, and established for yourselves a standard of excellence which it will require the utmost vigilance and courage to maintain.'

ELECTROCUTION IS LAWFUL,

The Supreme Court Reaffirms the Constitutionality of the New York Law.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24. - The Supreme Court of the United States to-day affirmed the judgment of the Circuit Court for the Southern district of New York, Judge Lacombe presiding, in the case of Shibuya Jugiro, the Japanese confined in Sing Sing prison, New York, under sentence of death by means of electricity. It was sought to secure Jugiro's release on habeas corpus proceedings on the ground that the Kemmler case had demonstrated that electrocution was cruel and unusual punishment. and as such prohibited by the Constitution. Chief-justice Fuller announced the decision of the court. The court affirmed the judgment upon the authority of the decision in the Kemmler case. There was no written opinion, and the court did not go into consideration of the points raised by Jugiro's counsel, holding that, so far as federal questions were concerned, the case did not difr from that of Kemmier. This, it is believed, destroys the last legal resort of the counsel for Jugiro.

MINOR MATTERS.

Satisfactory Experiments with Sugar Beets at Purdue and Other Western Colleges, Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

Washington, Nov. 24.—Professor Smart, of Purdue University, 1s in the city and says the institution over which he presides is making practical experiments with sugar beets, and finds from the analysis already made that the Hoosier production contains 16 to 18 per cent. of pure sugar. This is considerably above the per cent. of sugar found in the beet grown in Germany and France, the greatest beet sugar producing countries of the world. It has been ascertained at the Department of Agriculture that these experiments are being made at the agricultural colleges in most of the States, and in nearly every instance they are giving very satisfactory results. It is believed that should the products of the coming season prove as satisfactory there will be scores of beet-sugar factories estab-

lished within a year thereafter.

Report of the Light-House Board. WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The report of the light-house board estimates that \$2,500,000 will be necessary for the erection of new light-houses and new lights for next year. and that \$2,500,000 will be required for the pay of persons in the service. There are now in operation 833 light-house stations. Five thousand miles of shore on twentyfive rivers is lighted by 1,600 post lights, at an average cost for each light of \$160 per year. The board asks that an appropriation of \$400,000 be made for repairs of lighthouses, and says that unless it is made much valuable property will be utterly ruined. It is also urged that Congress forbid the use of private lights on either river or ocean shore. The system of lighting river and ocean shores has, the report says. almost revolutionized steamboat navigation, making it nearly as safe to run by night as it is by day.

Must File Their Objections in Writing. WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.-Assistant Secretary Spaulding has directed that hereafter collectors of customs, upon receiving notice of dissatisfaction with the rate and amount of duties charged upon imported merchandise, in cases where all of the requirements of Section 14, of the act of June 10, 1890, have been complied with, shall ask importers, their agents, attorneys, or other persons duly authorized to act for them, to file with their objections a brief, or written argument, in support of the protest or appeal made by them. Such appeal or argument will be deemed a part of the case submitted to the boards of general anpraisers.

Our Isaac's Opportunity. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Representative Clements, of Georgia, in an interview concerning the recent election, said, to-day: "The big victory certainly gives the Democratic party every possibility of electing

gation, although a Western man might be nominated in spite of all. I do not think the Democratic convention will merely convene to indorse the action of New York in the matter, and some Western man may carry away the prize from both Cleveland and Hill."

Only a Few Members Will Be Present.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Nov. 24 .- The arrivals of members of the two houses of Congress have been so few that it is possible there will be less than a quorum in each when Congress is called to order on Monday next. This is particularly true of the House of Representatives. It is quite certain that the Republicans in that body will not be able to muster a quorum. The prospect is that very little business will be transacted before the holidays, except the preliminary committee work on the neces-sary appropriation bills.

Bought a Family Graveyard by Mistake.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Nov. 24 .- Dr. Carraher, the physician of the poor of East Washington recently bought a suburban building lot near Washington. When he examined his property he found that he had purchased a family graveyard, and he was inclined to repudiate the bargain, but when the sur-viving relatives of those who are buried in the graveyard found that it had changed hands they made the new owner an offer for the property, and it will probably pass from his hands at a good profit.

Cost of Diplomatic and Consular Service. WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.-In his annual report to the Secretary of the Treasury Fifth Auditor Habercom says that the business of the bureau is in good condition, the regular work not being in arrears. The report shows that during the year \$453,005 was paid out for salaries and expenses of ministers and other diplomatic officers, and \$1,032,088 for the consular service, which was \$7,605 less than the amount received as consular fees, namely, \$1,039,653, a sum larger than ever before realized on this ac-

China's Legal Tender. WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The United States minister to China has informed the Department of State that the Canton dollars and parts of dollars, made by order of the late Viceroy, Chang-Chink-Tung, have been made a legal tender in all parts of China. He says the introduction of this coinage, unless tampered with, will undoubtedly work a financial revolution in China, and that it will possibly result in the establishment of a national bank and become the basis of a paper currency.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.-The Critic this evening publishes the story that ex-President Cleveland has become a convert to the double standard coinage theory, and that he wrote a letter to Senator Vest some time ago, which the Missouri Senator showed to some of his colleagues, admitting that he had been wrong in his view of the currency question, and that he was ready to announce his conversion.

Cleveland Changes His Views About Money.

Blow to Their Hopes for a New Building. WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Supervising Architect Windrim, of the Treasury Department, has returned from Chicago, where he spent last week in inspecting the Chicago public building. He says there is nothing alarming in the condition of the building, and that he will put it in thorough repair. An appropriation for this purpose will be asked of Congress.

Export Tax on Silver.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The Department of State is informed that the government of Guatemala has imposed an export tax of \$1.84 per pound gross weight of silver, coined or in bars. The reason given by the public press for this action is the increased price of silver in the United States.

Counting the Veterans. WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The force of clerks in the Census Office is now engaged in tabulating the number of survivors of the war of the rebellion as shown by the eleventh census. The result will be annonnced at the earliest moment consistent with accuracy.

General Notes.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.-Third Auditor Hart leaves for Boston to-morrow to spend Thanksgiving day with friends.

Dr. M. A. Johnston was to-day appointed a member of the pension board at Rockville: Dr. J. J. C. Ross, at Nashville, and Dr. Beard succeeds his father on the board at Vincennes. J. Johnson, of Terre Haute, is at

J. R. Hiatt, formerly of New Castle, but for twelve years a resident of Alma, Neb.. arrived to-day to take a position in the

Census Office. The Comptroller of the Currency to-day approved the selection of the Chase National Bank of New York and the Union the Merchants' National Bank of Lafav-

The amount of four-and-a-half per cent. bonds redeemed to-day under the circular of Oct. 9 was \$89,250, making the total to date \$5,777,000.

The Supreme Court to-day affirmed the judgment of the Circuit Court for the district of Maryland in the case of Henry John and two others who were sentenced to death for murder committed during a riot on the island of Navassa, in the Caribbean sea in the summer of 1889.

Judge Cedarcrantz, supreme judge of Samoa, was received by President Harrison at the executive mansion to-day.

The Secretary of State is informed that under instructions from the Porte, the Vali of Damascus has issued orders for the reopening of the missionary schools at Meidelscheims, Ain Kunjah, Barrias and Hamath. These schools have been closed during the last six years. A permit has also been given to repair the building of the American missionaries at Meidel

UNEXPLAINED MURDER.

An Old Woman Killed in Vermont While Alone in Her House-A Desperate Struggle.

WHITE RIVER JUNCTION, Vt., Nov. 24.-Mrs. Miriam Marston, a widow aged sev enty, living with her unmarried daughter near the State fair grounds, a mile from here, was murdered yesterday. Her daughter went to church at Hartford, leaving her mother alone. When she returned, her mother not coming out, the daughter went to the back door, where she found blood on the floor and door-knob. Without stopping to investigate she summoned her brotherin-law, Lyman Clark, who lives across the road, and then drove to Olcott to inform her brother. Clark entered the house and found Mrs. Marston lying in the cellar in a pool of blood, still alive, with her head battered in, apparently with an ax. He summoned neighbors and physicians, but the old woman died shortly after being found. The surroundings would indicate that she was first attacked in the pantry, and then either dragged herself or was carried to the cellar, as several pools of blood were found on the floor and the walls are all bespattered with it. The motive for the crime is not apparent. The woman had considerable property, but was not accustomed to keep much with her, and nothing is missing.

Losses by Fire. NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 24.—Yesterday the laboratory and other buildings of the Chattanooga Medicine Company, situated in the suburb of St. Elmo, burned, entailing a loss of \$40,000, on which there was an

Paris, Nov. 24.-Provost & Screpet's dry goods manufactory, at Robaix, was destroyed by fire to-day. The loss is placed at \$200,000. Six hundred persons are thrown out of employment by the fire.

insurance of \$20,000.

London, Ont., Nov. 24.—The stock of P. Levy, clothier, was badly damaged by fire and water last night. The stock was valued at \$30,000, and the greater part is ruined. Insurance, \$15,000.

their President in 1892. The nominee will probably depend upon which of the New York leaders can carry the New York dele-

WHAT THE QUEEN WILL SAY

Topics Victoria Will Touch Upon in Her Address to Parliament To-Day.

Probability that Parnell Will Retire-Disastrous Storms and Floods-Koch's Lymph -South American Man-Hunters.

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.

Points That Will Be Touched Upon by Victoria in the British Parliament To-Day. LONDON, Nov. 24.—The Queen's speech, which will be read at the opening of Parliament to-morrow, was communicated at tonight's ministerial dinner. The speech is of unusual brevity. After the customary reference to England's friendly foreign relations, the speech alludes to the negotiations with Portugal relative to Africa, and with Italy concerning East Africa, as not yet brought to a successful conclusion. A temporary arrangement with Portugal respecting the Shire river and waterways in the interior paves the way for an eventual treaty. The hope is expressed that the negotiations now progressing with France concerning the Newfoundland fisheries will soon lead to a satisfactory settlement, and the promise is made that the papers relat-ing to the matter will be laid before Parlia-

ment at an early date.

The Queen next alludes to the threatened potato famine in the west of Ireland. Her Majesty expresses regret at the existing condition of affairs, and says she trusts that measures will be taken to mitigate the people's distress. The speech further says that bills will be introduced relative to land purchases in Ireland, tithes, assisted education and reform of private bill legislation for Scotland, and extensions of local government in England. If the work of the session permits, a bill relative to local government in Ireland will also be introduced. Among minor measures to be submitted are bills retating to the liability of employers and to friendly societies and savings banks.

Lorne Attacks the Irish.

London, Nov. 24.—The Marquis of Lorne has not only insisted on going into politics, much to the disgust of the Prince of Wales and other members of the royal family, but he is doing it in a way that adds to the bitterness of the blow to his elevated kinsfolk. He has developed a genuine anti-Irish mania, and whatever influence he may possess will certainly go to bring the reigning house into dislike with its Hibernian subjects.

In a speech at Glasgow last night the Marquis went so far as to assert that there was a section of the Irish who would gladly elect O'Donovan Rossa to Parliament

from Tipperary. The Liberals are severely denouncing the Marquis for his gratuitous appearance as a political agitator in contravention of established custom with men of his posi-

DISASTROUS STORM.

Many Wrecks and Collisions in the English Channel-Several Lives Lost.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—Heavy gales prevail in the south and west of England. A great number of wrecks and collisions have been reported. The British steamer Uppingham, from Cardiff for Port Said, is ashore at Hartland. Twenty-one persons were rescued from the steamer. The first officer was lost. A boat containing five of the crew is missing. The Danish schooner Regina has been

sunk in a collision with the steamer Primate. Five of the schooner's crew were drowned. The steamer put into Copenhagen for a harbor.

The British steamer Calypso, from Med-iterranean ports, foundered off Sandgate, two miles southwest of Folkestone, after having been in collision. The crew of the Calypso have arrived at Folkestone. The collision occurred last night. The other vessel was a Spanish steamer, and it is supposed that she also foundered.

Floods and Loss of Life. LONDON, Nov. 24.—The recent heavy rains and the overflow of the rivers have flooded long stretches of the Manchester ship canal, and in many places the works have been destroyed. Forty-five hundred navvies are idle in consequence of the overflow, and at least four months must elapse before they will be able to resume work on the canal. The Merzy river is rising. In the Warrington district the river has over-flowed its banks and flooded the adjacent

Floods have occurred in various parts of Germany, being particularly severe in the districts of Eisenach, Schmalkalden and Coburg. A dispatch from Carlsbad says: The Topl river is overflowed. Four bridges and all the shops at Alten and Neuenwiese have been carried away and the gas and water-pipes destroyed. In Carisbad the Goethe statue was swept away. The Anna pit of the Bruex Mining Company, at Tschansch, was flooded and collapsed. Twenty miners lost their lives. For the last three days hurricanes have

been reported throughout Austria, with avalanches and floods in the mountain regions. The rivers are rising everywhere.

DR. KOCH'S LYMPH.

Result of Experiments with the New Con sumption Cure by Cologue Physicians, BERLIN, Nov. 24.-A series of experiments have been conducted at Cologne by Dr. Prior with the Koch curative lymph. Forty-five physicians attended the experiments. In all the cases the symptoms following the injections of the lymph were precisely similar to those described by Professor Koch. Among the patients was a woman who was suspected of being affected with a tubercular disease. The usual methods of diagnosis had, however, failed to positively define the disease from which she was suffering. She was treated with an injection of the lymph, which caused a violent reaction, thus proving beyoud doubt the existence of tuberculosis. Professor Lister, a leading English surgeon, has arrived in Berlin with his niece. whom he brings for treatment by Prof Koch. Empress Frederick, who has shown a great interest in Professor Koch's remedy. to-day visited the hospitals conducted by Drs. Cornel and Krause.

Dr. Schaeffer, who has just returned to Paris from Berlin, bringing with him three tubes of Professor Koch's curative lymph, says he saw cases of cavities in the lungs much diminished by Koch's treatment. He consulted with Professor regarding the effect the lymph in surgical cases. The Professor did not claim that he could obliterate disease in the bone, ganglions or articular tissues; he only claimed that he could arrest the progress of tuberculosis. Therefore, he said, in such cases an immediate surgical operation, under rigorous antiseptic condition, was absolutely necessary; otherwise the seat of the infliction would remain, and the result would be a

Professor Schnitzler of Vienna, with the consent of his colleagues, is experimenting with Professor Koch's lymph upon a cancer patient whose case has been pronounced

incurable. In the presence of a number of medical men, among whom was a representative of the London Lancet, Dr. Jolle, of Vienna. to-day analyzed Professor Koch's curative lymph. The Doctor found no trace of any metallic substance or cyanic compounds, nor were ptomaines, the products of the action of bacilli and alkaloids detected by the usual tests. Only the abundant presence of proteid substances, partly belonging to the class of peptones and partly to albumes and enzyms, or nonorganized ferments, could be diagnosed. Dr. Bergmann, in his clinical lecture at Berlin, to-day, warned his patients that no absolute cure had been effected by the use of Professor Koch's curative lymph.

When Americans Will Be Supplied. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.-Quite a large

number of physicians throughout the country have telegraphed the State Department to know if it is true that Dr. Koch, the Berlin scientist, has really refused to fur-

nish American doctors his lymph, which is supposed to cure consumption. On the 20th inst. the department received a cable from Berlin stating that Dr. Koch could not begin to supply the American doctors under from two to four weeks. This was owing to the demand being made for the newlydiscovered remedy. After that time he would fill orders for this side of the ocean. The cable stated that the doctors in attendance upon the international medical conference would be supplied with the lymph. It was not Dr. Koch's inclination, but his necessity, that led him to refuse orders from American physicians."

Consumptive Inoculated at Kansas City. KANSAS CITY, Nov. 24 .- Dr. Fritz Baum, of this city, has received from Berlin some of Dr. Koch's consumption virus, and yesterday inoculated S. P. Austin, of Kansas City, Kan., a man in an advanced stage of consumption. Dr. Baum made the first injection of the lymph under the shoulder-blade of Mr. Austin. The amount was half a drachm. The effects were almost immediate. The circulation was better, and in a few minutes the cough decreased and the expectoration of the patient was much easier. Later in the day he found Mr. Austin much improved in health, and adminis-tered another half drachm. The same good effects were noticed and circulation was increased, breathing became easier and the cough continued diminishing,

SOUTH AMERICAN MAN-HUNTERS. Natives of Colombia Captured and Sold Into

Slavery by Brazilians. PANAMA, Nov. 16 .- The following is a translation of a dispatch forwarded by the Minister of Foreign Affairs of Colombia to the representative of the republic in Brazil: "Information has been received respecting crimes committed in Colombian territory at Caqueta, where Brazilians have captured natives of Colombia and carried them off to the Putumayo river and its affluents, where they have been sold as slaves. Other atrocious crimes have also been committed, due to there being no Colombian authorities stationed there." In another dispatch the Colombian Minister of Foreign Affairs states that the manhunters travel in steam launches, and that they commit crimes which are a disgrace to humanity, and which are so vile that they would shock the savage dwellers in the heart of Africa.

The Bien Publico, of Quezaltenango, said on Oct. 16: "The earthquakes and the subterranean rumblings have continued, and since the 14th they have increased here and in Almolengo and Tymil. In the latter towns the buildings have been much damaged. It is generally believed these movements have their origin in the volcanic hills to the southward, from Santa Maria and the Cerro Quemado as far as Zumil, since the whole of that region for a long time has been in constant activity. A number of hot-water streams are flowing and steam and sulphurous smoke issuing. Near Zumil, on the left bank of the Samala river, a geyser is at work which is similar

to those in Iceland. In reporting the appointment of Gen. B. Mollina Guirota as minister of Salvador at Washington, the Official Gazette says: "All are well aware that the Washington Cabinet has exhibited sympathy with Salvador in the unhappy emergencies which have recently arisen in connection with Central American diplomatic questions, and all are equally aware that our government endeavors by acts of international courtesy to reciprocate the repeated proofs of friendship exhibited towards Salvador by the United States."

TRAGEDY IN A COURT-ROOM.

A Prisoner Kills Two Men and Wounds Another While on Trial at Rivas, Nicaragua. PANAMA, Nov. 24.—The town of Rivas, in Nicaragua, was recently the scene of a terrible tragedy, almost unparalleled in criminal history. On Oct. 22 Thomas Martinez was arraigned for trial, charged with attempting to murder Dr. Trinidad Flores. When the charges were read and the accused called upon to plead, he stepped four paces to the front, and, putting his hand into his inner breast pocket, exclaimed: "Gentlemen, I know that the jury will condemn me; but before being condemned, I must get rid of this one," and he thereupon drew a revolver and shot Dr. Flores dead. Senor Gustavo Chamorro, who stood next to Dr. Flores, picked up a chair, but almost immediately fell to the ground, being shot through the brain. At this juncture, Senor Gregario Rojas, an old gentleman, fatherin-law of the first victim, bravely closed with the prisoner, who did not hesitate to draw the trigger, and the ball passed through Senor Rojas's mouth, coming out at the back of the neck. Senor Rojas is in a precarious condition, but the physician attending him says he will probably recover. After shooting Senor Rojas, the prisoner made a dash for liberty, and escaped to the country, but was captured three days later.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

Princess Wilhelms Proclaimed Queen of the Netherlands-The Dead King.

Queen Regent Emma has' issued a proclamation declaring Princess Wilhelmia ueen of the Netherlands. The Queen Regent says: "May her throne find the solid support, fidelity and devotion of her people. I accept the regency during her minority, confiding in God and praying that my task shall be so fulfilled as to assure the welfare of the country and the consolidation of the kingdom."

THE HAGUE, Nov. 24.—The remains of King William, attired in a military uniform, will lie in state in the chamber in which he died prior to their removal to the vault of the royal family. Queen Emma last evening laid a large palm on the deathbed on which the body lay. The palace officials then filed past the remains of the King. The body will not be embalmed. A chemical preserving fluid has been injected into the neck. The president of the High Court in adjourning that body to-day, out of respect to the King's memory, recalled his Majesty's services to the state and laid particular stress upon the impulse he had given to the movement for the abolition of capital punishment.

Parnell May Retire. LONDON, Nov. 24.—It is stated this evening upon excellent authority that at the meeting of Nationalist members of the House of Commons, to be held to-morrow before the opening of Pariament, Mr. Parnell will announce his retirement from the leadership of the Irish party. Mr. Davitt in a speech to-night said he believed that Mr. Parnell would to-morrow prove himself a greater patriot than his enemies believed him to be, by taking a course that would minimize

the danger to autonomy for Ireland.

It is learned that after the verdict had been rendered in the O'Shea divorce case, the Conservatives held a private conference at the Carlton Club, and unanimously decided that Parliament should be immediately dissolved.

Bonny Replies to Jameson's Brother. LONDON, Nov. 24.-The letter recently written by the brother of the late Lieut Jameson, in which he charged Stanley and Bonny with abuse of his hospitality and breach of confidence, has brought a reply from Bonny, who writes to the Times deny ing Jameson's allegations. Mr. Bonny de clares that neither he nor Stanley intended to allude to the matters that have caused such a scandal, but were forced to do so by Barttelot's brother. The revelations, he says, were published before he entered the controversy. He denies that he has ever stated that Stanley read Lieutenant Jameson's diary and made extracts from it.

Padlewski's Reasons for Killing Seliverskoff Paris, Nov. 24.—The police have searched the house of Medlewsky, the man who met Padlewski the day before General Seliverskon was murdered. Medlewsky gave in formation to the police which, it is believed, will enable them to trace Padlewski. Le Matin alleges that an anonymous person had an interview with Padlewski in the Fausurg St. Martin two days after the murder. Padlewski declared that General Seliverskoff had injured him in his family and affections, and that he felt no regret for the crime.

The Czarewitch Feted by the Khedive. CAIRO, Nov. 24 .- The Khedive this evening gave a banquet to the Czarewitch and Highest of all in Leavening Power. - U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

the Greek princes who accompany him. Ninety guests were present. At the conclusion of the banquet a pyrotechnic display was given in the palace grounds. The city was illuminated and the streets were thronged with enthusiastic crowds. The feature of the evening was a torch-light procession, in which three thousand members of the Greek community took part.

Postoffices on Board Ships. BERLIN, Nov. 24.—The North German Gazette announces that arrangements have been concluded between the imperial postoffice authorities and United States Postmaster-general Wanamaker for the establishment of postoffices on board the German mail steamers. The object of this ar-

rangement is to have the mails sorted while

in transit. Postal Director Sachse goes to

New York and Washington to settle the A Legacy for Parnell.

DUBLIN, Nov. 24.—The late Mrs. Eliza Gill, of Bray, County Wicklow, left in her will £2,000 to Mr. Parnell in recognition of his services to the Irish cause. Her estate not proving as valuable as the testator expected. Mr. Parnell has just accepted from the executors £1,896 in lieu of the amount named in the will, in order that the relatives of Mrs. Gill might receive their legacies in full.

Cable Notes. The condition of Rev. Mr. Spurgeon, who is suffering from an attack of acute gout, is

Lard sellers should note that a law has been passed in Lima, Peru, providing that four months subsequent to Oct. 25 all lard mported into Peru will be charged an imoost tax in custom-houses of 15 cents per cilogramme.

The Dublin Freeman's Journal says that Connemara is beginning to feel the effects of the famine arising from the failure of the potato crop. Thirteen families on the Blake estate, it says, have asked the parish priest to point out some means by which they may avoid starvation. The Russian government has forbidden

the newspapers to publish a petition drawn up by the Jews asking that they be placed on a civil equality with other classes in Russia. An edict of the ministry of lands directs that no work in connection with the government shall be given to Jews outside of the territorial limits assigned to An epidemic of influenza prevails at

Fuenfkirchen, Hungary. One thousand persons in the place are suffering from the disease. The medical office has summoned a conference of the doctors to decide what course to follow. Many cases of the disease resemble typhus fever, while others are at-tended with a copious hemorrhage from the A semi-official note, which is published

at Paris, complains that the American consuls have refused to certify to exporters' invoices on the ground that they did not rive the details of cost prices of the goods. The note argues that consuls can question exporters regarding the cost price of their goods, but cannot demand written statements or other proofs.

SOUTH CAROLINA RACE RIOT.

Arrest of Ringleaders Does Not Stop the Trouble-Both Sides Armed.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 24.-At 8:30 o'clock last night the Sumter Light Infantry, thirty-five strong, under command of Captain Brand, left Sumter for Bishopville. A telegram received from Sheriff Carson this morning states that the riot has subsided and that twelve of the ringleaders have been arrested and are now in jail at Sumter.

A later dispatch says: The race riot at Bishopville, in Sumter county, is not yet ended. Seven negroes were wounded in the conflict Saturday, one of them fatally. The negroes were driven off, but returned yesterday arm 1 to the teeth. The sheriff and military are encamped in town and the negroes are outside. Arms were sent from Columbia to-night, and more bloodshed is almost certain to follow.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Dillon and O'Brien, the Irish envoys, cured \$3,000 for the Irish fund at Cleveland The schooner Waterfly, with \$20,000 worth of smuggled whisky on board, was seized near Quebec Sunday by customs officers. Thomas Martin, marshal of Rowland, Kv.

shot and instantly killed Al Camden last night while the latter was resisting ar-At Louisville last night George Voght, a Merchant's policeman, shot and killed Tom Collins, a painter, while trying to place the latter under arrest.

Dr. O. H. Russell's big grain barn, near Burlington, la., burned Sunday night. The bodies of two unknown men and a dozen horses were found in the ruins. The First Church of Lynn, Mass, known as the mother of New England Methodism,

has voted 211 to 31 in favor of admitting women into the General Conference. Near Claysville, Ky., on Saturday night Arthur Fletcher was waylaid and fatally shot by three young men. His suspected murderers have been placed under \$4,000

The Brooklyn census returns which were taken by the police were completed yesterday. They show a total population of 855,-The federal enumerators made the total 808,000.

The postoffice at Pocatella, Ida., was entered Saturday night by burglars. The safe was blown open and \$600 in money, \$400 in stamps and \$200 in registered packages stolen. At Fall River, Mass., on Sunday, Charles

E. Wilcox, aged thirteen, was shot and

killed with a revolver by Fred A. Higgin-botham, sixteen years old. The boys did not know the revolver was loaded. Two trains on the Illinois Central railway collided, near Dubuque, Ia., Sunday morning, and one man, Ed Russell, was fatally injured. Several others were seriously hurt.

There had been a failure to send out a flag-

Saturday night the middle span of the bridge over the Baraboo river, near Baraboo. Wis., gave way, precipitating twentyfour cars of a grain and flour-laden Northwestern freight train into the river. The

loss was about \$60,000. Commander-in-chief Veasey. of the G. A. R., in general orders announces the death of Senior Vice-commander Tobin and calls upon all posts to display their colors at half-mast on Wednesday, the 26th instant, the day of the funeral.

The Supreme Court of Montana, yesterday rendered a decision in the famous Davis will case, affirming the ruling of the lower court, which leaves John A. Davis administrator of the estate. As no constitutional points are involved, the case cannot be appealed. Masked burglars entered the store of Ollie Orcutt, at New Rochelle, N. Y., Satur-day night, and bound and gagged John

Griffin, a clerk, who sleeps in the building. ing. Griffin was rescued by the firemen in an unconscious condition. HENDERSON, Ky., Nov. 24.-Withers Dade & Co.'s ten-barrel distillery burned this morning. The building, machinery, 6,000 bushels of corn, thirty barrels of whisky not drawn off and two days' mash were destroyed, but the bonded warehouse

was saved. Loss, \$20,000 to \$25,000; partially insured. Patrick J. Murphy, the Long island City book-maker, who was recently convicted of poe-iselling, was yesterday fined \$2,000 by

RAILWAY TIME-TABLES. VANDALIA LINE -SHORTEST BOUTE TO St. Louis and the West. Trains arrive and leave Indianapolises follows: Leave for St. Louis, 7:30 am, 11:50 am, 1:00 p m, 11:00 Greencastle and Terre Haute Accom'dation, 4:00 pm Arrive from St. Louis, 3:45 am, 4:15 am, 2:50 pm, 5:2 pm, 7:45 pm.

Terre Haute and Greencastle Accom'dation, 10:00 am.

Sleeping and Parlor Cars are run on through trains.

For rates and information apply to ticket agents of the company, or H. R. DERING, Assistant General Passenger Agent

From Indianapolis Union Station East-West- South-North. Trains run by Central Standard Time.

Leave for Pittsburg, Baltimore (d 4:45 a m. Washington, Philadelphia and New d 3:00 p m. d 5:30 p m. Arrive from the East, d 11:40 am., d 12:50 pm. Arrive from the East, d 11:40 am., d 12:50 pm.

and d 10:00 pm.

Leave for Columbus, 9:00 am.; arrive from Columbus, 3:45 pm.; leave for Richmond, 4:00 pm.; arrive from Richmond, 9:00 am.

Leave for Chicago, d 11:05 am., d 11:30 pm.; arrive from Chicago, d 3:30 pm.; d 3:30 am.

Leave for Louisville, d 3:40 am., 8:00 am., d 3:45 pm. Arrive from Louisville, d 11:00 am., 5:55 pm., d 10:50 pm.

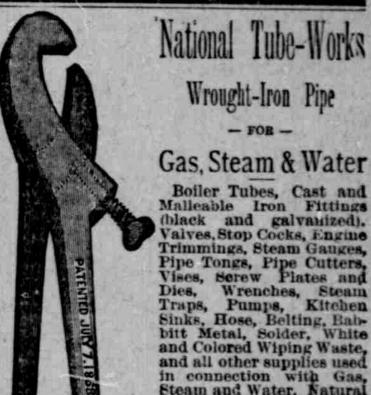
Leave for Columbus, 4:10 pm. Arrive from Columbus, 10:20 am.

Columbus, 10:20 am. Leave for Vincennes and Cairo, 7:20 am., 4:00 pm.; arrive from Vincennes and Cairo; 10:50

m., 5:00 pm. d, daily; other trains except Sunday.

THE VESTIBULED PULLMAN CAR LINE LEAVE INDIANAPOLIS.

7:05 am.
Puliman Vestibuled Sleepers for Chicago stand at
west end of Union Station, and can be taken at 8:30 p. m., daily. Ticket Orices—No. 26 South Illinois street and at



black and galvanized). Valves, Stop Cocks, Engine rimmings, Steam Gauges, Pipe Tongs, Pipe Cutters, Vises, Screw Plates and Dies, Wrenches, Steam Traps, Pumps, Kitchen Sinks, Hose, Belting, Babbitt Metal, Solder, White and Colored Wiping Waste, and all other supplies used in connection with Gas, Steam and Water. Natural Gas Supplies a specialty. Steam-heating Apparatus for Public Buildings, Storerooms, Mills, Shops, Factories, Laundries, Lumber Dry-houses, etc. Cut and Thread to order any size Wrought-iron Pipe from is inch to 12 inches diameter. KNIGHT & JILLSON. 75 & 77 S. Pennsylvania st.





Sold by Grocers everywhere.

BROWN'S FRENCH DRESSING | Shoes. Sold by all Dealers.

Judge Cullen, who, in inflicting the penalty, warned him that if he ever came up before him again he would not only fine him the above amount, but in addition send him to prison for one year. A wreck occurred Sunday on the Phila-

delphia & Reading road, near Wilson, Pa., in which two brakemen were badly hurt. An extra freight was going down a heavy grade at a high rate of speed, when a car axle broke. The engine and twenty-two cars were wrecked. One brakeman had an arm broken and was badly hurt. The other was terribly bruised. The loss to the company is large.

Panic Among Hotel Guests.

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—About midnight to-night a panic occurred in the Hotel Richmond, corner of State and Van Buren streets, caused by the explosion of a barrel of oil in a store-room, starting a fire which filled the hotel with dense volumes of smoke. About one hundred badlyscared people, in scanty attire, were removed from windows by the firemen, whose promptitude in getting to work undoubtedly saved many persons from jumping and being dashed to death on the pavement. A few hundred dollars will cover the damage

Movements of Steamers. GLASGOW, Nov. 24.-Arrived: State of Nebraska, from New York. SOUTHAMHTON, Nov. 24 .- Arrived: Ems.

from New York. NEW YORK, Nov. 24 .- Arrived: Zaandam, from Amsterdam, and Servia, from Liver-

Could Be Gotten Cheap.

Kansas City Journal. Buffalo Bill dined with the world's fair directors in Chicago the other day, and in a little post-prandial address he urged the advisability of catering to the amusement-loving public by making an exhibit of the crowned heads of Europe. "It would be a great card," said Colonel Cody, "if we could coax some of the kings and queens to come. Perhaps if Colonel Cody would assume personal management of the royal side-show some of the more impecunious monarchs might be induced to come for a percentage of the admission fees.

Springer as a Humorist.

Detroit Tribune. The funniest thing that has appeared in print lately is Congressman Springer's remark that Mr. Cleveland would accept the nomination for the presidency in 1892. It must have been Springer who discovered that a duck would swim if given a chance.

Gold Mines.

Minneapolis Tribune With Roger Q. Mills in the House and Grover Cleveland at large, the Republicans need not be nervous about the result in 1892. They will furnish all necessary cam